

QUIZBOWL



SENIOR QUIZBOWL

Market/Carcass

- Which would normally measure less on a hog carcass.
 A. Average backfat **B. 10th rib fat depth**
- Which of the following strategies could producers use to protect the price received for market hogs?
 A. Hedging B. Options
 C. Packer Agreements **D. All of the above**
- Futures prices for hogs on the Chicago Mercantile Exchange are listed on a “lean carcass” basis. If the “lean carcass” price is \$.40 per pound, what would be the approximate live price?
About \$.30 per pound. Multiply carcass price by .74.
- What would be an average length measurement of a hog carcass from first rib to aitch bone?
Accept answers between 29 - 34 inches.
- An average _____ from a market weight pig measures 6.0 to 7.0 square inches.
Loin eye area
- Why do we castrate male pigs destined for slaughter?
The meat from intact boars may have a very strong flavor when cooked (Boar taint).
- Packers do not like PSE carcasses. What does PSE stand for?
Pale, Soft and Exudative (means watery)
- Name one wholesale pork cut.
Ham, Loin, Shoulder, Belly (also accept Boston Butt and Picnic)
- Pork bellies are traded on the Chicago Mercantile Exchange. What processed pork product is made from bellies?
Bacon
- Name one performance record that could be kept or calculated for a group of market hogs.
Average Daily Gain, Feed Efficiency, Incoming Weight, Sale Weight, Death Loss, Total Feed Consumed, etc.
- Hogs lose weight when being shipped. Does this weight loss affect carcass weight?
No. Most weight is loss of urine and feces. Carcass weight changes little.
- Calculate the estimated hot carcass weight of a 250-pound pig if the hot carcass yield was 75%.
Accept answers between 185 - 190 lbs. (actual is 187.5)
- Define the term “shrink” when used in the transportation of hogs.
Weight lost between loading and the final destination.

